



**UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce  
Bureau of Plant Industry  
P.O. Box 5207  
Mississippi State, MS 39762

**Effective Date:** May 1, 2017  
**Expiration Date:** October 31, 2017  
**Report Due:** April 30, 2018  
**File Symbol:** 17MS02

**Attn:** Jasper L. Cobb

The Environmental Protection Agency hereby grants a specific exemption under the provisions of section 18 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, to the Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce (MDAC) for the use of sulfoxaflor (CAS Reg. No. 946578-00-3) on sorghum to control sugarcane aphid (*Melanaphis sacchari*) in Mississippi.

In a letter dated November 18, 2016, the MDAC recertified that the emergency condition still exists and that there were no changes to the use directions, including use rates and type of application, approved in the last authorization dated May 5, 2016. This specific exemption is subject to the conditions set forth in your request as well as the following conditions, modifications and restrictions:

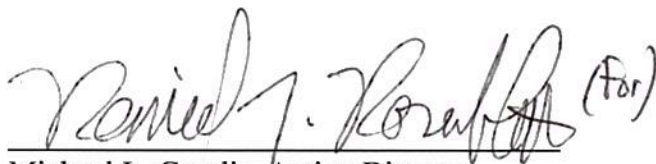
1. The Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce (MDAC) is responsible for ensuring that all provisions of this specific exemption are met. MDAC is also responsible for providing information in accordance with 40 CFR 166.32(b). Accordingly, a report summarizing the results of this program must be submitted to EPA Headquarters and the EPA Region 4 office within 6 months following the expiration of this exemption or prior to requesting another specific exemption for this use in the following year. In accordance with 40 CFR 166.32(a), these offices shall also be immediately informed of any adverse effects resulting from the use of this pesticide in connection with this exemption. Any future correspondence in connection with this exemption should refer to file symbol: **17MS02**

2. The registered product, Transform™ WG (EPA Reg. No. 62719-625, containing 50% a.i. sulfoxaflor), manufactured by Dow AgroSciences, may be applied. All applicable directions for use, restrictions, and precautions on the EPA-product label including Worker Protection Standards must be followed except as modified in this authorization document.
3. Foliar applications may be made by ground or air at a rate of 0.75-1.5 oz of product (0.023-0.047 lb a.i.) per acre. A maximum of 2 applications may be made per year, resulting in a seasonal maximum application rate of 3.0 oz of product (0.09 lb a.i.) per acre per year.
4. Do not apply product  $\leq$  3 days pre-bloom or until after seed set.
5. To minimize spray drift and potential exposure of bees when foraging on plants adjacent to treated fields:
  - Applications are prohibited above wind speeds of 10 miles per hour (mph).
  - Applications must be made with medium to course spray nozzles (i.e., with median droplet size of 341  $\mu$ m or greater).
6. Retreatments are prohibited within 14 days of application. A restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours applies to all applications.
7. Pre-harvest interval (PHI): Do not apply within 14 days of grain or straw harvest or within 7 days of grazing, or forage, fodder, or hay harvest.
8. A maximum of 115,000 acres of sorghum fields (grain and forage) may be treated in Mississippi.
9. **Environmental Hazards Statement:**

“This product is highly toxic to bees exposed through contact during spraying and while spray droplets are still wet. This product may be toxic to bees exposed to treated foliage for up to 3 hours following application. Toxicity is reduced when spray droplets are dry. Risks to pollinators from contact with pesticide spray or residues can be minimized when applications are made before 7:00 am or after 7:00 pm local time or when the temperature is below 55 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) at the site of application.”
10. This specific exemption expires October 31, 2017.

11. Applications made in accordance with the above provisions are not expected to result in combined residues of sulfoxaflor, including its metabolites and degradates, in or on sorghum commodities in excess of the following time-limited tolerances: sorghum, forage at 0.40 ppm; sorghum, grain at 0.30 ppm; and sorghum, stover at 0.90 ppm; and the established permanent tolerance for aspirated grain fractions at 20 ppm. The Agency has determined that these levels are adequate to protect the public health. Time-limited tolerances in connection with this action have been established in 40 CFR 180.668(b).
12. This is the fourth year that MDAC has requested a specific exemption for use of sulfoxaflor on sorghum to control sugarcane aphids. On October 14, 2016, the unregistered product, Transform<sup>TM</sup> WG, was reinstated. Due to the introduction of this invasive pest in sorghum and the potential for this emergency to continue into the 2018 growing season, EPA has made a preliminary determination that this use is eligible for a streamlined review next year under the recertification program (40 CFR 166.20(b)(5)).

If you have any questions regarding this authorization, please contact Emergency Response Team member Stacey Groce (703-305-2505; groce.stacey@epa.gov) or the Emergency Response Team Leader, Tawanda Maignan (703-308-8050; maignan.tawanda@epa.gov).

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Michael L. Goodis", with a circled "For" next to it.

Michael L. Goodis, Acting Director  
Registration Division  
Office of Pesticide Programs

Date: 12/23/2016

cc: *Phillip Beard, USEPA Region 4*  
*Patricia Livingston, USEPA Region 4 Pesticide Tribal Coordinator*